

Practice Analytical Geometry.  
Plane.

Problem 1. Find equation of plane with normal vector  $\vec{n}(-1; 4; 2)$  and  $M_0(1; 0; 4)$

Solution

General equation of plane is  
 $Ax + By + Cz + D = 0.$

Let's use formula

$$A(x - x_0) + B(y - y_0) + C(z - z_0) = 0.$$

where  $\vec{n}(A, B, C)$

$M_0(x_0, y_0, z_0)$

So.

$$-1(x - 1) + 4(y - 0) + 2(z - 4) = 0$$

$$-x + 1 + 4y + 2z - 8 = 0$$

$$-x + 4y + 2z - 7 = 0.$$

$$\underline{x - 4y - 2z + 7 = 0}$$

Problem 2. Find equation of plane passing through the points  $M_1, M_2, M_3$ , where  $M_1(1; 1; -1)$ ,  $M_2(2; 3; 1)$ ,  $M_3(3; 2; 1)$ .

Solution.

To find equation of the plane let's use formula of plane passing through 3 points

$$\begin{vmatrix} x-x_0 & y-y_0 & z-z_0 \\ x_1-x_0 & y_1-y_0 & z_1-z_0 \\ x_2-x_0 & y_2-y_0 & z_2-z_0 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

where  $x_1, y_1, \dots$  are coordinates of points.

In our case

$$M_1(x_0, y_0, z_0) = (1; 1, -1)$$

$$M_2(x_1, y_1, z_1) = (2; 3, 1)$$

$$M_3(x_2, y_2, z_2) = (3, 2, 1)$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} x-1 & y-1 & z+1 \\ 2-1 & 3-1 & 1-(-1) \\ 3-1 & 2-1 & 1-(-1) \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

Let's expand along the 1<sup>st</sup> row.

$$\begin{vmatrix} x-1 & y-1 & z+1 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = (x-1) \cdot (-1)^2 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} + (y-1) \cdot (-1)^3 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} +$$

$$(z-1) \cdot (-1)^4 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = (x-1) \cdot 2 + (z-1) \cdot (-1) =$$

$$= 2x - 2 - z + 1 = 0.$$

$$\underline{2x - z - 1 = 0}$$

Problem 3. Find distance from the point  $M$  plane.

$$\text{plane: } 2x - z - 1 = 0$$

$$\text{point } M_0 : M(1; 2; -2)$$

Solution

$$d = \frac{|Ax_0 + By_0 + Cz_0 + D|}{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2}} =$$

$$= \frac{|2 \cdot 1 - 1 \cdot (-2) - 1|}{\sqrt{2^2 + (-1)^2}} = \frac{|2 + 2 - 1|}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{3}{\sqrt{5}}.$$