**MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SCIENCE OF UKRAINE**

 **NATIONAL TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY**

**«KHARKIV POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE»**

Department of \_ sociologyandpoliticalscience\_\_\_\_\_\_

(name)

«**APPROVED BY**»

 DepartmentChairman

 Кalagin Y.A. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 (initialsandsurname) (signature)

 « 27» серпня 2020 року

**SYLLABUS OF EDUCATIONAL SUBJECT**

 Political science

( disciplinename)

Higher education degree first cycle( Bachelor'slevel )

firstcycle (Bachelor'slevel) / second cycle (Master'slevel)

Field of knolewledge07 Management and adminastration

(code and name)

Degree073Management

(code and name)

EducationalprogramManagement

(code and name)

Type of course general training

(general training/ professional training)

Mode o fstudy Full-time

(full-time / part-time)

Kharkiv – 2020

# Discipline: 3 ECTS credits 90 hours

# Lectures:10 hours.

# Laboratory classes: \_\_ hours.

# Practical classes:20 hours.

# Form of control:test work

# Term of teaching for the educational and qualification level "bachelor":

# 3rd semester

# Language of instruction: English.

 **Purpose** of studying the theoretical foundations of political science, to teach them to orientate in the political plane, to prepare for active participation in political life.

 **Competence:**

* Ability to act socially responsible (ZK-8).
* Awareness of the issue of equal opportunities in society, in particular its gender, racial and age aspects (ZK-9).
* The ability to exercise their rights and responsibilities as a member of society, to realize the values of civil (free democratic) society and the need for its sustainable development, the rule of law, human and civil rights and freedoms in Ukraine (ZC-11).

**Result of studying:**

* Awareness of the cultural diversity of societies and the challenges of interaction in an intercultural context (GC-10).
* Ability to search, process and analyze information from various sources

 (ZK-6).

* Explain the patterns and features of development and functioning of social phenomena in the context of professional tasks (RN-4).
* Know the main categories of the theory of political management, the main types of organizational and managerial structures in politics, the potential of sociological support of the management process for the development of political activity (RN-15).

**Topics to study**

**Theme 1 The essence and role of politics and political science in the life of society. Object and subject of political science**

Politics as a social phenomenon. The formation of political science as a science and discipline.

Theobjectofpoliticalscienceisthesphereofpoliticalrelationsinsociety.

Its subject and interconnection with other sciences. Categories and functions of political science. Applied Political science.

Methods of political research. The group of specific empirical methods include: population surveys, analysis of statistical material, study of documents, game methods, mathematical modeling, study of folklore, etc.

The group of general theoretical methods include institutional, historical, systemic, comparative, psychological, behavioral and others

The mechanisms of subconscious motivation.

The group of specific empirical methods include: population surveys, analysis of statistical material, study of documents, game methods, mathematical modeling, study of folklore, etc.

The study of documents includes the analysis of official materials: programs of parties, transcripts of meetings of the government and parliaments, various reports, as well as diaries, memoirs.

**Theme 2 Political power, systems, regimes.**

The essence of power: the basic theoretical approaches. The structure of political power. Types of power.

Social power is the ability to share location swith in a social structure.Cultural-information.

 Specificity of political power. Problems of the power legitimacy. The most important signs of a fall in the legitimacy of power.

The structure of political systems. Types of systems. Historical types of systems.

The main features of a democratic regime. Historical types ofdemocratic regime.

Authoritarian is characterized by the following characteristic features. Historical types ofregime.

Totalitarian regimes most often emerge in extraordinary circumstances.

Historical types ofregime.

Modern political systems of Ukraine.

**Theme 3 State as the basic institution of the political system.**

Features of the state as a political organization. Signs of the state. The internal functions of the state. The external feature.

Forms of government. Forms of state structure. Unitary states. Federal state. Confederation. The territory of a unitary state is subdivided into administrative-territorial units (departments, regions, districts, etc.) that do not have political autonomy.

Monarchy, absolute monarchy, parliamentary monarchy, dualistic monarchy. Presidential, parliamentary, mixed republic.

Rule-of-law state: the essence and basic principles.

Signs of the state.

The internal functions of the state.

Political function, regulating national (inter-ethnic) relations.

Economic function - at different stages of society, its size and content may differ significantly.

Social function.Legal function.Educational function.

**Theme 4 Political parties and electoral systems**

Political parties: the essence and role in society and their typology. The essence and varieties of party systems. Modern electoral systems.

The factors that determine the creation of modern political parties. Typical Personnel Party Features.The sings of political parties.Based on the above, you can define the following party.

Majoritarian and proportional electoral system.

Types of majoritarianal electoral system.

Types of proportional electoral system.

Subject and object of studyingelectoral systems. Functions of electoral systems.

The role of electoral systemsin modern society.

**Theme 5 Political elite and leadership**

Definition, functions, typology, history of formationpolitical elite.

The national, regional and local elites are distinguished by their level of competence.

By power, the elite is divided into higher, middle and administrative.

There are two main systems for elite recruitment: guilds and entrepreneurial.

The entrepreneurial system is more typical of democratic states.

The system of guilds is for authoritarian and totalitarian states.

The guild system is closeness, the selection of candidates for senior positions, mainly from the lower classes of the elite itself; the way up is slow and evolutionary.High job requirements. A small, closed circle of selectors (selection people). Cooptation.

Definition, functions, typology, history of formationleadership.

Modern trends of formation and existencepolitical elite and leadership in Ukraine

**Forms and methods of teaching**

**Lectures** are statement of theoretical material by a lecturer according to the curriculum and distribution of hours between the themes. Different interactive forms of activating the audience and video presentation of verbal information are used. A lecturer has his/her own notebook, which reflects the main content of the topic, students note new information in their own notes.

**Practical classes** are held in the form of seminars. For seminars, students work out lecture materials, prepare performances using educational and scientific literature, present projects. A teacher evaluates students' activity during a seminar on the accepted scale of assessmentsin grades. During a seminar, the level of knowledge of the students is assessed on each topic by means of test tasks and writing individual work on knowledge of the basic concepts on the topic. Seminars can be constructed in the form of a business game or discussion.

**Preparation for projects** is a kind of individual work which performed by a student outside the classroom hours. A student freely selects themes from the themes offered by the plans of seminars, or coordinates with his/her teacher initiative topics. The next step is to do a bibliographic retrieval using bibliographic stock or Internet resources and to make a project plan or put questions to get an evidance-based answer. Having got a good grip on topics, a student must define the content of questions and present a piece of work at the seminar. The volume of the project is 16-25slides, the text of the project is 4-6 standard pages which are typed on a computer. The main content of the project is reported in a free form at the seminar, and a student receives an assessment from a teacher.

**CONTROL METHODS**

**1. Summative (terminal) assessment is conducted in the form of a test (according to the curriculum of the faculty) or by accumulation of points under the formative control.**

**Test** is a written or oral reply to the questions contained in the task. Issues of task paper can be brought to the notice of the students in advance. Task papers are prepared by the lecturer, they are approved at the meeting of the department and signed by the head of the department..Lecturer must evaluate the quality of the student's answers according to the accepted scale of academic assessments.

**Testquestionsof the course for final test.**

1. Object and subject of political science.
2. Political science’place in the system of scholarly knowledge about society.
3. Theoretical and Applied Political Science.
4. Functions of political science.
5. Methods of political science.
6. The essence of power: the basic theoretical approaches.
7. The structure of political power
8. Types of power. Specificity of political power
9. Problems of the legitimacy of power.
10. Political regime: concept and signs
11. Democratic regime and its characteristics.
12. The notion and varieties of totalitarianism.
13. Features of an authoritarian regime.
14. The essence and structure of the political system of society.
15. Types of political systems.
16. Political system of Ukraine.
17. Social purpose, structure and functions of the state
18. Monarchy as a form of government.
19. The difference between the parliamentary monarchy and the absolute one.
20. Republic as a form of government.
21. The difference between the presidential republic and the parliamentaryrepublic.
22. Features of the semi-presidential republic
23. Unitary state as a form of government.
24. Federation: signs and principles of organization.
25. Ukraine: Peculiarities of Political Government and State System.
26. Features and functions of political parties.
27. Classification of political parties.
28. The typology of party systems.
29. Features and preconditions for the establishment of multi-party system in Ukraine.
30. Social engagement and types.
31. Election Principles
32. Types of electoral systems
33. Ukraine's electoral system
34. The concept of political culture and its structural elements
35. Typology of political culture and ways of its formation
36. Features of political culture of Ukraine.
37. Political participation
38. Political alienation of the individual and the reasons for its occurrence.
39. Political socialization.
40. The nature and essence of leadership.
41. The role and functions of political leadership in society.
42. The origin of the political elite and its role in society.
43. Political elite: structure and selection system.
44. Problems of forming a political elite in Ukraine.
45. Foreign policy of the state: functions, goals, means.
46. Foreign affairs: concepts, subjects, forms and principles.
47. Modern trends in the development of foreign affairs
48. Ukraine in the modern geopolitical space.

49. Personality cult and its nature.

50. The image of the leader.

51. The phenomenon of political alienation.

52. Modern theories of elites

53. Recruitment system of elites in modern Ukraine.

54. G. Lebon on mass behavior in politics.

55. Postmodern political culture of information societies

56. Types, mechanisms and stages of political socialization.

57. Political subcultures of Ukraine.

58. The main subjects of international relations.

59. The role of international organizations in the modern world.

60. Features of the geopolitical position of Ukraine.

**2.The current control is carried out according** to the results of students' work at seminars, the method of evaluation of control works, evaluation of tests, individual work, individual tasks, team projects, projects.

**Control at seminars** is assessment of students’presence, answers to questions posed by the teacher, assessment of the implementation of test tasks, assessments during individual works, assessment of the contribution of some students to group work in the preparation of a team project, activity in a business game.

**Test** is a kind of current control of students’ knowledge, which aims to identify the level of knowledge of students received on the material transmitted. The date of a test is given to students and is appointed upon completion of the study module. Questions and test assignments are prepared by a teacher conducting practical classes, they are consistent with the lectures and topics of seminars. The control work is carried out in writing in the presence of a teacher, is evaluated according to the adopted scale, and the assessment can be used by the teacher to calculate the cumulative score on the basis of studying the discipline.

**Individual tasks**are assessed by a teacher or according to the results of report at a practical class or separately from the provided text.

Implementation of the project involves teamwork (2-3 students) or individual research work on the chosen topic, preparing a written report and conducting a project with the help of multimedia equipment in the presence of teachers of the department. The team project is a cognitive-analytical work.

The purpose of a project is to test the success of students' mastering of the categorical apparatus of family sociology and the ability to use sociological imagination to analyze phenomena and processes occurring in society.

**GRADE ALLOCATION, WHICH STUDENTS GET, ANDASSESSMENT OF SKILLS AND KNOWLEDGE (NATIONAL AND ECTS)**

Table 1. Grade allocation for assessment of current student’s academic performance

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Tests (test by topic) | Tests (by modules) | Individual tasks (projects) | Test | Sum |
| 40 (8\*5) | 20 (10\*2) | 20 | 20 | 100 |

Тable2. Assessmentscaleofknowledgeandskills National andECTS

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Theamountofgradesforalltypesofeducationalactivities | ECTS | Assessment according to the national scale |
| 90 ... 100 | A | Excellent  |
| 82 … 89 | B | Good |
| 75 … 81 | C |
| 64 … 74 | D | Satisfied |
| 60 … 63 | E |
| 35 … 59 | FX | Unsatisfiedwithpossibilityofre-sittinganexamination |
| 0 … 34 | F | Unsatisfiedwithobligatory restudying of the discipline |

**BIBLIOGRAPHICAL GUIDANCE**

**Basic literature**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1 | Wong J. Unfree speech / J. Wong. – Ebury Press, 2020. – 220 p. |
| 2 | Kelly P. The Politics Book / P.Kelly. – KD, 2020. – 320 p. |
| 3 | Ferguson A. Leading / A. Ferguson. – H.Books, 2015. – 460 p. |
| 4 | Tausch A. Prager F. [Towards a Socio-Liberal Theory of World Development](https://books.google.com/books?id=tZywCwAAQBAJ&printsec=frontcover#v=onepage&q&f=false) / A.Tausch, F.Prager. – Basingstoke , 2012 – 360 p. |
| 5 | Гончарук-Чолач Т. В., Джугла Н.В. Політична соціологія: навчальний посібник / За ред. Гончарук-Чолач Т.В. – Тернопіль: Економічна думка ТНЕУ, 2018.-250 с. |
| 6 | Полторак В.А, Петров О. В., Соціологія політики. Енциклопедичний словник // К., Видавництво Європейського Університету, 2009.— с.361 |
| 7 | Галузева соціологія: навч. посібн. для студ. вищ. навчал. закладів / Т. Г. Бродецька, С. О. Колот, Т.О. Северинюк, В.С. Скляр: Одес. нац. політех. ун-т. Каф. соціології та психології. – Одеса: Наука і техніка, 2004. – 156 с. |
| 8 | Ґіденс Е. Соціологія / Е. Ґіденс / пер. з англ. В. Шовкун, А. Олійник; наук. ред. О.Іващенко. – К.: Основи, 1999. – 726 с. |
| 9 | Дичко О.О. Соціальна військова педагогіка: курс лекцій / О.О. Дичко, І.М. Криленко. – Харків: ФВП НТУ «ХПІ», 2015. – 136 с.  |
| 10 | Історіясоціології: навч. посіб. / за ред. І. П. Рущенка; Нац. техн. ун-т ''Харків. політехн. ін-т''. – Харків: НТУ «ХПІ», 2017. – 432 с. |
| 11 | Жоль К. К. Соціологія : навч. посіб. / К. К. Жоль. – К.: Либідь, 2005. – 440 с. |
| 12 | Коваліско Н. В. Основи соціальної стратифікації: навч. посібник. / Н. В Коваліско. – Л.: Магнолія 2006, 2007. – 328 с.  |
| 13 | Пилипенко В. Є., Вишняк О. І., Куценко О.Д. Спеціальні та галузеві соціології: Навч. посіб.— К.: Каравела, 2003. — 304 с. |
| 14 | Піча В.М. Політологія: Підручник/ В.М.Піча, Н.М.Хома.- 5-те вид., стер.- Львів: "Новий Світ-2000", 2008.- 304 |
| 15 | Політологія: підручник / М. П. Требін, Л. М. Герасіна, І. О. Поліщук, Г. Ю. Васильєв,В. Я. Зимогляд; ред.: М. П. Требін; Нац. ун-т "Юрид. акад. Україниім. Ярослава Мудрого". - Х.: Право, 2013. - 414 с. |
| 16 | [Розенфельд Ю. Н.](http://irbis-nbuv.gov.ua/cgi-bin/irbis64r_81/cgiirbis_64.exe?Z21ID=&I21DBN=REF&P21DBN=REF&S21STN=1&S21REF=10&S21FMT=fullwebr&C21COM=S&S21CNR=20&S21P01=0&S21P02=0&S21P03=A=&S21COLORTERMS=1&S21STR=Розенфельд%20Ю$) Политология : учеб.пособие / Ю. Н. Розенфельд; Нар. укр. акад. - Х., 2008. - 436 c. |
| 17 | [Рудич Ф. М.](http://irbis-nbuv.gov.ua/cgi-bin/irbis64r_81/cgiirbis_64.exe?Z21ID=&I21DBN=REF&P21DBN=REF&S21STN=1&S21REF=10&S21FMT=fullwebr&C21COM=S&S21CNR=20&S21P01=0&S21P02=0&S21P03=A=&S21COLORTERMS=1&S21STR=Рудич%20Ф$) Політологія: підручник /Ф. М. Рудич. - 3-тє вид., переробл., доповн. - К.: Либідь, 2009. - 480 c. |
| 18 | Семке Н. М. Політологія: навч. посібник – Х.: Торсінг плюс, 2009. – 384 с. |
| 19 | Семке Н.Н. Политология: Учебное пособие – Харьков: НТУ «ХПИ» 2007. – 220 с. |
| **Додаткова література** |
| 20 | Інституційні зміни політичної системи сучасної України: оцінка стану та напрями оптимізації: аналітична доповідь / За ред. д. політ. н., професора Г.І. Зеленько. – К.: ІПіЕНД ім. І.Ф. Кураса НАН України, 2014. – 164 с. |
| 21 | Кармазіна М. Президентство: український варіант. – К. 2007. – 365 с. |
| 22 | Лозовицький О. С. Зовнішня політикадержави : становлення та розвиток в умовахглобалізації : монографія / О. С. Лозовицький. - К. : Вид-во Європейського університету, 2011. - 400 с. |
| 23 | Неліпа Д. В. **«**Системний аналіз в політології**:** теорія**,** методологія**,** практика**».** Київ. нац. ун-т ім. Т. Шевченка. – К. : Центр учб. л-ри, 2011. – 311 с.  |
| 24 | Пахарєв А.Д. Політичні інститути і процеси в сучасній Україні. Навчальнийпосібник. – К.: Інститут політичних і етнонаціональнихдослідженьім. І.Ф. Кураса НАН України, 2011. – 182 с. |
| 25 | Поліщук І. Виборча система: оптимальна модель для України //Сучасна українська політика. – К.: Вид-во «Центр соціальних комунікацій», 2011. – Вип. 23 |
| 26 | Політична наука: Методи досліджень : підручник. – Рек. МОН. / За ред. О. А. Габрієляна.– Київ : ВЦ “Академія”, 2012. - 320 с. |
| 27 | Політика в особах (Політичне лідерство на постсоціалістичному просторі: національний і регіональний контексти): навчальний посібник / За заг. ред. проф.. Ф.М. Рудича. – К.: ІПіЕНД ім.. І.Ф. Кураса НАН України, 2012. – 400 с. |
| 28 | Політична влада і опозиція в Україні: порівняльний аналіз із зарубіжними країнами [Монографія] За заг.ред. Ф.М. Рудича. – К.: ІПіЕНД ім. І.Ф. Кураса НАН України. – 2016. – 488 с. |
| 29 | Політична енциклопедія. Редкол.: Ю. Левенець (голова), Ю. Шаповал (заст. голови) та ін. – К.: Парламентське видавництво, 2011. – 808 с. |
| 30 | Політичні партії України у парламентській виборчій кампанії 2012 року / Колективна монографія / За ред. М.С. Кармазіної. – К.: ІПіЕНДім. І.Ф. Кураса НАН України, 2013. – 400 с. |
| 31 | Почепцов Г. Від Фейсбуку і гламуру до WikiLeaks: медіакомунікації.- К.: Спадщина, 2012. - 464 с. |
| 32 | Прикладна політологія: навч. посіб. – Рек. МОН. / За ред. В. П. Горбатенка. – Київ : ВЦ "Академія”, 2008. – 472 с. |
| 33 | Соціологія: підручник / за ред. М. П. Требіна, В. Д. Водніка, Г. П. Клімової. — Х. : Право, 2010. — 224 с. |
| 34 | Танчин І.З. Соціологія: навч. посіб. / І. З. Танчин. – 3-тє вид., перероб. – К.: Знання, 2008. – 351 с. |
| 35 | Требін М.П. Соціально-політичні студії / М. П. Требин. – Х.: Право, 2017. – 696 с. |
| 36 | Черниш Н. Соціологія: підруч. за рейтингово-модульною системою / Н. Черниш. – К.: Знання, 2009. – 430 с.  |

**Table 4. Stractural-logicalschemeofstudyeducationaldiscipline**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Previousdisciplines: | Following disciplines: |
| Philosophy | Law |
| History of Ukraine | HR |
| Sociology | Management skills in international business |
| Economic Theory |  |

Leading lecturer: Assistant lecturer Sutula O.A.