

*RL-, RC- RLC-*

### 8.1.

#### 8.1.1.

$X_L$   $X_C$

$\varphi$

:

-

$X_C$

$X_L$

$f$

$$u = U_m \sin(2\pi ft + \varphi_u),$$

$$X_L = \omega L = 2\pi fL,$$

$$X_C = 1/(\omega C) = 1/(2\pi fC),$$

$$\omega = 2\pi f -$$

, [ ];

, [ ]

[ ];

$$, [ / ]; f = 1/T -$$

, [ ];

$u -$

-

$L$   $C$

$$\varphi = \varphi_u - \varphi_i,$$

$i -$

( . 8.1).

$\varphi$  (

) -

,

$-90^\circ (-\pi/2)$

)

$+90^\circ (+\pi/2)$

).

,

$R, L$   $C$

$f$

#### 8.1.2.

*RL-, RC- RLC-*

. 8.1

$\varphi$

,

,

,

,

$R$

:

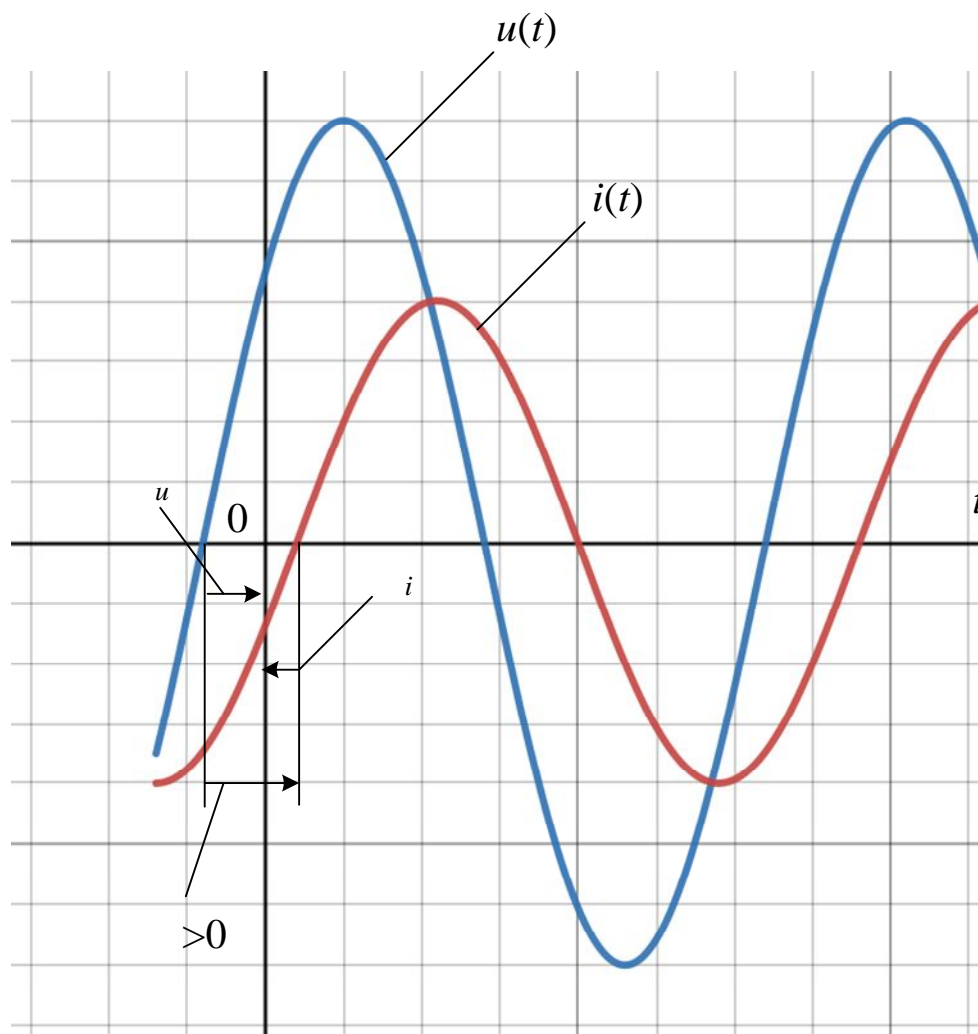
(

$i_R$

$u_R$ ),

(

$$u_{R0} = R_0 i$$

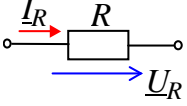
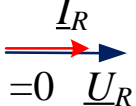
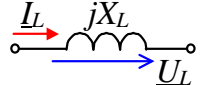
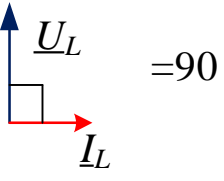
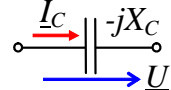
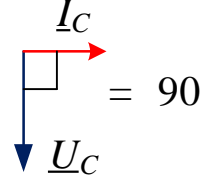
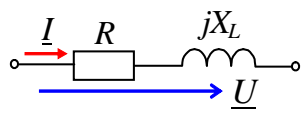
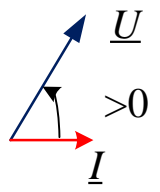
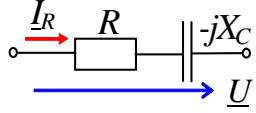
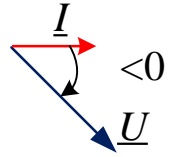
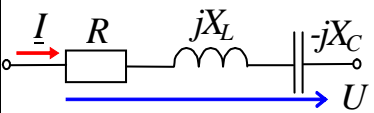


8.1 –

90°,  
90°.  $RL$ -,  $RC$ -  $RLC$ -

$$\varphi = \arctg(X_L - X_C)/R.$$

8.1

( . 8.3)			$\varphi = u - i$
1			$\varphi = 0$
2			$\varphi = 90^\circ (\pi/2)$
3			$\varphi = -90^\circ (-\pi/2)$
4			$\varphi = \arctg(X_L/R)$
5			$\varphi = \arctg(-X_C/R)$
6		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>) <math>X_L &gt; X_C</math>; .</li> <li>4;</li> <li>) <math>X_L &lt; X_C</math> .</li> <li>5;</li> <li>) <math>X_L = X_C</math>; .</li> <li>1</li> </ul>	$\varphi = \arctg[(X_L - X_C)/R]$

8.1.3.

$\varphi$

$u_{R0}$ ,

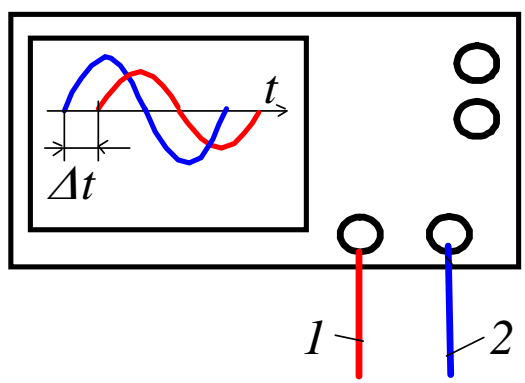
$$u = \left( \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( \text{. 8.2} \right).$$

$\varphi$

$\Delta t$

$$\varphi = 360^\circ \Delta t \cdot f,$$

$\Delta t$  - ( ) ( ) :  
 " " ( ) ( )  $\varphi$  )  
 ( . 8.4), " " )  
 ( ) .



8.2 -

$\Delta t$   
 ( . 8.4),  
 ,  $\Delta t = t_2 - t_1$   
 2- 1

Multisim XWM ( . .  
 =  $UI \cos \varphi$ ,  
 (Power Factor)  $\cos \varphi = P / UI$ ,  $U$   
 $I$  -

$\varphi = \arccos(P / UI)$ .  
 $\varphi$   
 $\cos \varphi$  (  $\varphi$  ),  $\varphi$   
 "+", .

**8.2.**

**8.2.1.**

$X_L$  . 8.2,  $X_C$   
 . 8.2.  
 :  $L = 50 + 5N$ , ,  $C = 100 + 10N$ , ,  $N$  -

## 8.2

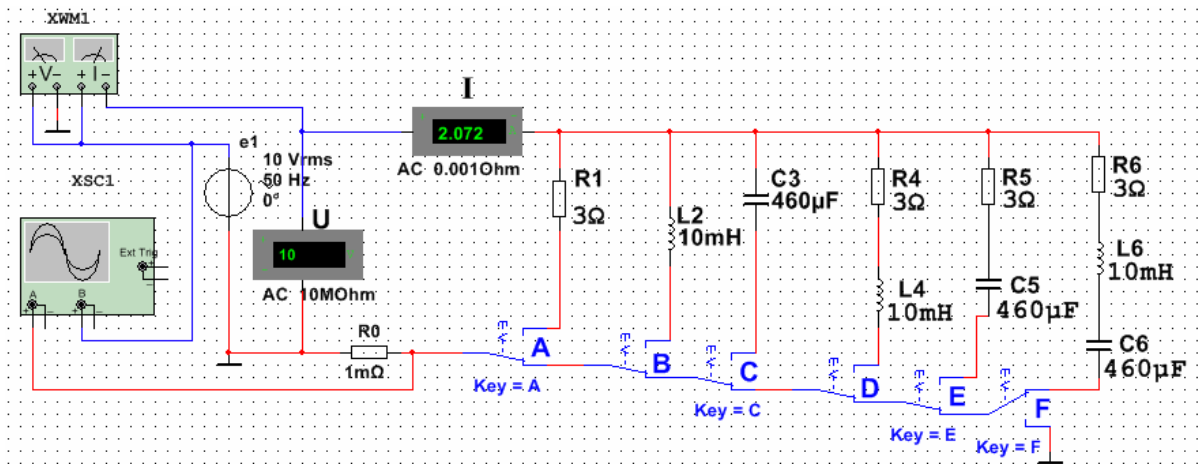
X		<i>f</i> ,							
		30	40	50	60	80	100	120	
	<i>X<sub>L</sub></i> ,								
	<i>U, B</i>								
	<i>I</i> ,								
	<i>X<sub>L</sub></i> ,								
	<i>X<sub>C</sub></i> ,								
	<i>U, B</i>								
	<i>I</i> ,								
	<i>X<sub>C</sub></i> ,								

( ) *X<sub>L</sub>(f)* *c(f)*.

### 8.2.2. Multisim

:  
 - , ;  
 - ;  
 $R_0 = 1$  ;  $R_1 = R_4 = R_5 = R_6 = 20 + 10N$  ;  
 $L_2 = L_4 = L_6 = 50 + 5N$  ;  $3 = 5 = 6 = 100 + 10N$  ;  
 - :  
 $= 10$  ( ),  $f = 50$  ;  $u = 0$ ;  
 - A1 V1;  
 1 ; 10 ;  
 - 2 / (mV/div) ,  
 - ,  $R_0$ ;  
 - 5 B/ (5 V/div) ,  
 ; (TIME BASE) Y/T -2 / (2  
 ms/div);  
 - (Place Basic/SWITCH/SPDT) , , D, E F  
 ( SPDT/Value Key for toggle) , , C, D, E F .

8.3)



8.3 – Multisim

8.2.3.

$R_1$ ,  $L_2$ ,  $C_3$ .  
 :  
 –  $R_1$  ( ) Multisim  
 ( «Run» )  $\varphi = 0$ .  $I_1 = U/R_1$ ;  
 –  $R_1$  ( )  
 $L_2$  ( )  $e_1$ . 8.2.  
 V1  $f = 50$  (30, 40, 50, 60, 80, 100, 120),  
 . 8.2.  
 $X_{L2}(f) = U_L/I_L$  8.2.1 ( ),  
 $i_L$   $u_L(t)$   $i_L(t)$   $\varphi = 90^\circ$  (  $f = 50$  );  
 – ( )  $L_2$   
 $e_1$  . 8.2.  
 3.  
 $X_{C3}(f) = U_C/I_C$  ( . 8.2) 8.2.1  
 ( ),  $i$   $u$   
 $\varphi = -90^\circ$  ( )  $u(t)$   
 $i(t)$   $f = 50$  .

8.2.4.

RL-, RC- RLC-  
 :  
 -  $f = 50$   
 $R_4L_4$ ,  $C_3$ .  
 . 8.3.  $\varphi$   
 ,  
**XWM1.**

$R_4L_4$   $Z_4$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $X_{L4}$   
 . 8.3.  $i$  RL-  
 $u$   $\varphi_4 = \arctg(X_{L4}/R_4)$ ; ( RL-  
 )  
 8.3

	$U,$ $B$	$I,$ $A$	$\varphi,$	$Z = U/I,$	$R = Z\cos\varphi,$	$X = Z\sin\varphi,$
$R_4L_4$						
$R_5C_5$						
$R_6L_6C_6$						

-  $R_5C_5$ ,  $i$   
 $RC-$   $e_1$   $u$   $\varphi_5 = \arctg(-X_C/R_5)$ ;  $RC-$   
 - ( )  
 ;  
 -  $R_6, L_6$  6  
 $RLC-$   $e_1$  ,  
 $\varphi_6$

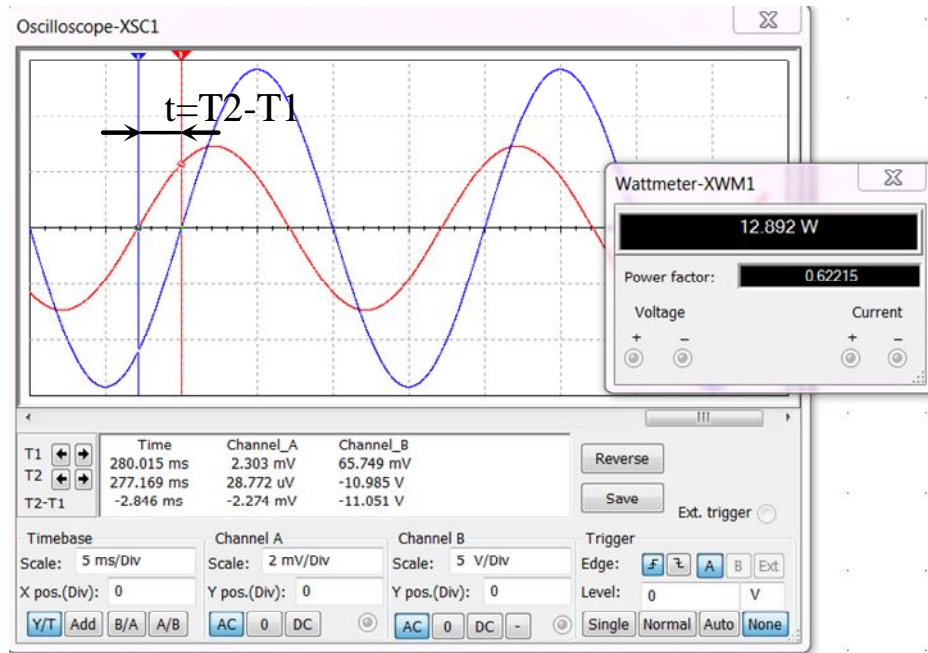
$X_6 = X_{L6} - X_{C6}$ .  
 $f = 50$  ,  $\varphi_6 = \arctg(X_{L6} - X_{C6})/R_6 > 0$  ,  
 20-30 ,  $\varphi_6$  ,  
 $f = 50$  ,  $\varphi_6 < 0$  ,  $f$  100...120 ,  
 $\varphi_6 > 0$ .

. 8.4  $R_6L_6C_6-$  **XWM1** . 8.3  
 $u_6$  ,  $i_6$

$\varphi_6 = 360^\circ \Delta t/T \approx 360 \cdot (-2,846)/20 \approx -51,3^\circ$ .  
**XWM1,**

:

$|\varphi_6| = \arccos(0,622) = 51,5^\circ$ .



8.4 –

Multisim

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.

$$X_L(f) \quad c(f).$$

Multisim.

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.
- 7.

RC

RL

RL.

R .

: RR, RL, L?



8.  
 $0 < \angle 90^\circ?$

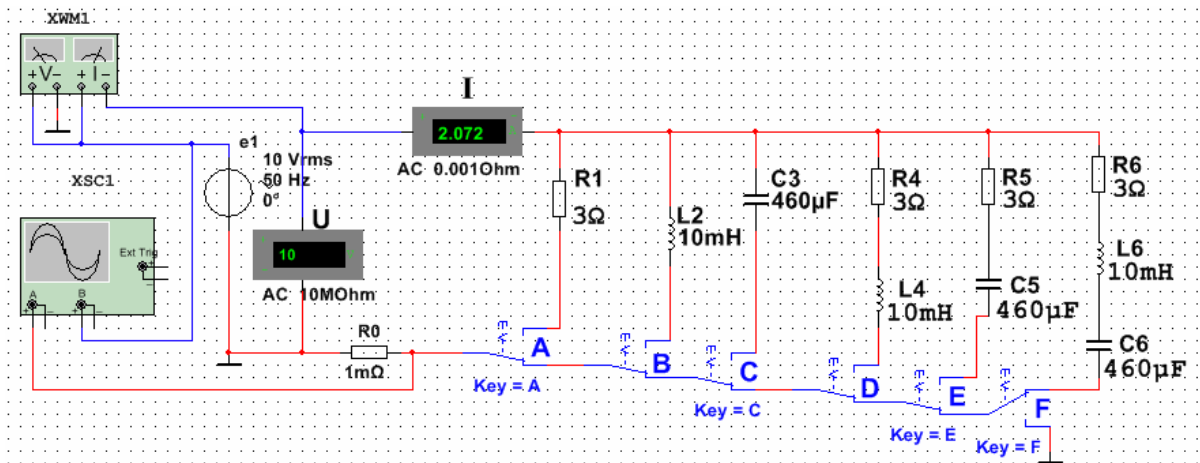
9.

10.

?  $0 < \angle 90^\circ?$



*RL-, RC- RLC-*



( )

8.3 – Multisim

:

$L = 50 + 5N =$  , ,

$C = 100 + 10N =$  , ,

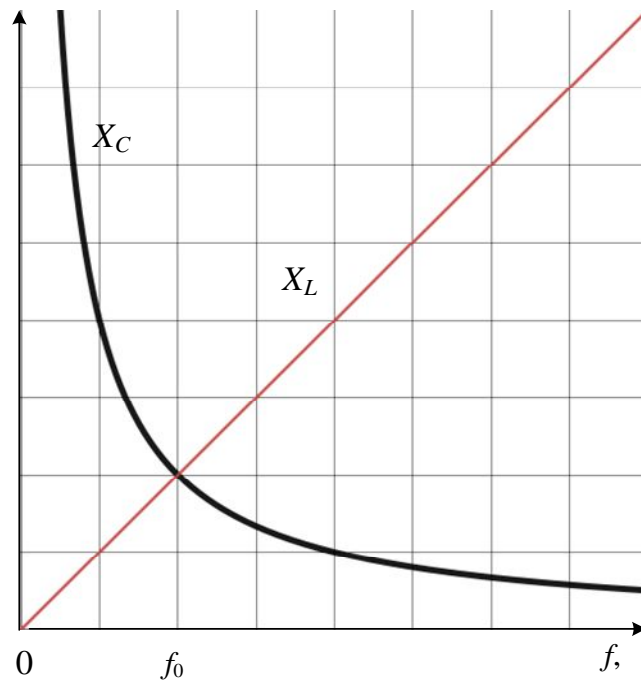
$N -$

8.2

X		f,						
		30	40	50	60	80	100	120
	$X_L,$							
	$U, B$							
	$I,$							
	$X_L,$							
	$X_C,$							
	$U, B$							
	$I,$							
	$X_C,$							

( )  $X_L(f)$   $c(f)$ .

$X_L, X_C$



( )

## 8.3

	$U,$ $B$	$I,$ $A$	$\varphi,$	$Z = U/I,$	$R = Z \cos\varphi,$	$X = Z \sin\varphi,$
$R_4L_4$						
$R_5C_5$						
$R_6L_6C_6$						

•